

BAROID BAROTHERM® GOLD

Two-Part Thermally Conductive Grout

Description	BAROTHERM [®] GOLD thermally conductive grout is a bentonite material designed for use in grouting boreholes containing ground source heat loops, and related applications. BAROTHERM GOLD thermally conductive grout when combined with silica sand at various concentrations yields a grout with thermal conductivity values ranging between 0.4 and 1.2 BTU/hr·ft·°F (0.69 – 2.08 watts/m·°C).					
Applications/Functions	The use of BAROTHERM GOLD thermally conductive grout promotes:					
	A thermally conductive grout medium with low permeability for sealing ground source heat loops					
Advantages	 Promotes efficient heat transfer Produces a uniform slurry for smooth pumping - No need to add extra water Creates a low permeability seal Develops a permanent, flexible seal to prevent commingling between aquifers No heat of hydration No Portland or aluminum cement added No gypsum added NSF/ANSI Standard 60 Certified 					
Typical Properties	 Appearance Specific gravity Thermal Conductivity (k) range Yield Volume range Grout Weight range Permeability 	Beige to tan powder 2.6 $0.4 - 1.2 \text{ BTU/hr} \cdot \text{ft} \cdot ^{\circ}\text{F}$ $0.69 - 2.08 \text{ watts/m} \cdot ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 17.6 - 41.8 gal/sack 66.7 - 158.2 liters/sack 10.1 - 15.0 lb/gal 1.21 - 1.80 SG $< 1.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ cm/sec}$				
Recommended Treatment	The recommended treatment is based on th Please refer to the treatment tables below.	e desired thermal conductivity value or k.				

Slurry Silica Volume Density Total k Water Sand Btu/hr·ft·°F lb/gal Solids gal/50 lb Yield lb/50 lb (gallons) 0 0.4 15.3 17.6 10.1 28.1% 15.3 0.69 100 22.2 12.5 54.0% 0.76 150 16.3 25.5 13.2 59.5% 0.88 200 17.3 28.8 13.7 63.4% 1.0 250 18.5 32.1 14.1 66.3% 1.1 20.0 14.7 350 38.5 70.6% 1.2 21.0 15.0 72.0% 400 41.8





Recommended Treatment (continued)	k watts/m·° C	Silica Sand kg/22.7 kg	Water liters/22.7k g	Slurry Volume Yield (liters)	Density SG	Total Solids		
	0.69	0	57.9	66.7	1.21	28.1%		
	1.19	45.4	57.9	84.0	1.50	54.0%		
	1.32	68.0	61.7	96.5	1.58	59.5%		
	1.52	90.7	65.5	109.0	1.64	63.4%		
	1.73	113.4	69.3	121.5	1.69	66.3%		
	1.90	158.8	75.7	145.7	1.76	70.6%		
	2.08	181.4	79.5	158.2	1.80	72.0%		
Recommended Mixing Procedure	 Pre-treat mixing water with Soda Ash (sodium carbonate) to reduce total hardness to less than 100 mg/l and to raise pH to 8.5-9.5. Using a mixing device, do not use a centrifugal pump, blend one 50-lb (22.7 kg) bag of BAROTHERM[®] GOLD thermally conductive grout into appropriate volume of water. Rate of addition should be about 10 to 20 seconds per 50-lb (22.7 kg) bag. 							
	 To enhance the thermal conductivity of the resultant grout, dry sand ranging between 50 and 70 mesh and containing greater than 99% silica is recommended. Add sand to grout slurry <u>immediately</u> after mixing at a rate of 5 to 10 seconds per 50 pounds (22.7 kg) and pump. Additional mixing time after the addition of sand is not required and is not recommended. <u>Blend, do not over mix</u>. Place through a 1.25 inch (32 mm) minimum I.D. tremie into hole without delay. 							
Additional Information	• The grouting material and method selected will depend upon the specific subsurface environment including all prevailing geological and hydrological factors and any existing regulatory requirements. The grouting process may not be complete until the grout is static at the desired level.							
	 The use of bentonite may not be appropriate in environments where the formation water chemistry has a total hardness greater than 500 parts per million and/or a chloride content of greater than 1500 parts per million. 							
	 If questions arise regarding subsurface environments it is always best to consult your local Baroid IDP representative to determine if the Baroid product of choice is appropriate for the given conditions. 							
Packaging	BAROTHERM GC paper bags, conta order.							